

Programmable transmitters T3110Ex, T3111Ex, T3113Ex with 4 - 20 mA outputs are designed for measurement of relative humidity and temperature in a potentially explosive environment.

- Electrical devices for use in potentially explosive atmospheres are special devices that can be a source of potential danger. Such devices must be designed, installed, operated and maintained so as not to cause an explosion in potentially explosive atmosphere. Directive 2014/34/EU (ATEX) contains basic information about devices intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres.
- **Potentially explosive atmosphere is an area,** in which a mixture of air and flammable substances (gas, vapor, mist, combustible dust) can be present in such concentration that it can catch fire. A spark or hot surface can cause an explosion.
- **T311xEx transmitters are intrinsically safe.** It is a way of equipment protection, which is based on the limitation of energy (electrical and thermal) at a level lower than the level that could cause ignition a specific hazardous atmospheric mixture.
- The principle of intrinsic safety equipment is to limit the amount of electric energy supplied to electric circuits from power source and energy accumulated into parts of electric circuits. Intrinsically Safe Zener Barriers and Intrinsically Safe Isolation Amplifiers are the basic types of intrinsically safe interfaces designed to protect electrical circuits installed in potentially hazardous areas.

Transmitters T311xEx are in compliance with European Directive 2014/34/EU conforms to European Standards EN 60079-0:2018 and EN 60079-11:2012.

- Type Examination Certificate:
- Marking:

FTZÚ 13 ATEX 0189X ⟨Ex⟩ II 3G Ex ic IIC T6 Gc ⟨Ex⟩ II 3D Ex ic IIIB T85°C Dc

Explanations:

- II The product is intended to surface sites with the presence of explosive atmospheres
- **3G** The product is intended for use in areas where an explosive mixture of gas, vapour or mist and air is not likely to occur in normal operation, but cannot be excluded it
- **3D** The product is intended for use in areas where a mixture of air and flammable substances (powder, dust) is not likely to occur in normal operation, but cannot be excluded it
- **Ex** It identifies that a protection mode against explosions has been adopted.
- Ic The protection mode by intrinsic safety according standard EN 60079-11
- **IIC** The product is intended for an explosive atmosphere consisting of group C gases
- **IIIB** The product is intended for an explosive atmosphere consisting of group B dusts
- T6 The temperature class (max. surface temperature of the device is 85 °C at ambient temperature 60 °C)
- T85°C The maximum device surface temperature in atmospheres with dust at ambient temperature 60 °C
- Gc,Dc Equipment with a level of protection "increased" that is not a source of ignition in normal operation

The principle of connecting the T311xEx transmitters using the Zener barriers is shown in the picture. Each current loop consists of a power supply, a measurement resistor, a Zener barrier, a transmitter and connecting wires.



- The values of the safety parameters Uo and Io of Zener barriers must be less than the values of intrinsically safe parameters Ui = 30 V Ii = 100 mA of the transmitter.
- The current loop must be designed so that the voltage at the terminals of transmitter does not fall below 9V at the maximum current Io = 22mA (see certificate)
- The loop I1 serves also the power supply for the device and therefore must always be connected.
- Installation, commissioning and maintenance may be carried out by personnel with qualification by applicable regulations and standards.

Example of connecting a T311xEx series transmitter to two measuring equipment using a Zener barrier type ZbC2+.





Example of connecting a T311xEx series transmitter to one measuring unit using a Zener barrier type ZbC2+.



Warning: the value of the supply voltage +Ucc must not exceed the value of the maximum allowed working voltage of the Zener barrier (Uwmax = 26 V)

Example of connecting a T311xEx series transmitter to an Ethernet network using a converter type P2520 and a Zener barrier type ZbC2+.



Warning: the value of the supply voltage +Uss must not exceed the value of the maximum allowed working voltage of the Zener barrier (Uwmax = 26 V). Use a stabilized 24 Vdc power supply from the recommended accessory.

Example of connection a T311xEx series transmitter to the inputs of the datalogger COMET type MS55D using a Zener barrier type ZbC2 +.



Warning: the supply voltage of the datalogger MS55D must not exceed the value of the maximum allowed working voltage of the Zener barrier (Uwmax = 26 V). Use a stabilized 24 Vdc power supply from the recommended accessory (unstabilized ac/dc adapter A1759 is not suitable for power supply).

Example of connection a T311xEx series transmitter to the inputs of the datalogger COMET type MS6 using a Zener barrier type ZbC2+.



Warning: the supply voltage of the datalogger MS6 must not exceed the value of the maximum allowed working voltage of the Zener barrier (Uwmax = 26 V). Use a stabilized 24 Vdc power supply from the recommended accessory (unstabilized ac/dc adapter A1759 is not suitable for power supply).

Example of connecting a T311xEx series transmitter to the inputs of a wireless datalogger type U6841(M/G) using a LP106 adapter and Zener barrier type ZbC2+.



Warning: the value of the supply voltage Ucc must not exceed the value of the maximum allowed working voltage of the Zener barrier (Uwmax = 26 V). Use a stabilized ac/dc adapter A1941 (24Vdc).